## HOMEWORK 7

Exercise 1. Let

$$
A=\left(\begin{array}{ll}
a & b \\
c & d
\end{array}\right)
$$

Show that if $\operatorname{det}(A) \neq 0$, then

$$
B=\frac{1}{\operatorname{det}(A)}\left(\begin{array}{cc}
d & -b \\
-c & a
\end{array}\right)
$$

is the inverse of $A$, where $\operatorname{det}(A)=a d-b c$ is the determinant of A .

